

CLAIMS

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A method for analyzing operation of a combustor comprising steps of:

- (a) monitoring radiation emitted within the combustor;
- (b) analyzing an AC component of the monitored radiation according to a first
5 algorithm;
- (c) analyzing the AC component of the monitored radiation according to a second
algorithm; and
- (d) combining results of the first and second algorithms to determine at least one
combined combustion parameter.

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2. The method of claim 2, wherein:

the step (b) includes a step of determining at least one first combustion parameter
based upon the AC component of the monitored radiation;

the step (c) includes a step of determining at least one second combustion
15 parameter based upon the AC component of the monitored radiation; and

the step (d) includes a step of combining the first and second combustion
parameters to determine the at least one combined combustion parameter.

3. The method of claim 2, wherein the step (d) includes a step of multiplying
20 the first and second combustion parameters to determine the at least one combined
combustion parameter.

4. The method of claim 2, wherein:

the step (b) includes a step of analyzing at least one characteristic of a time-
25 domain signal produced in response to the monitored radiation; and

the step (c) includes a step of analyzing at least one characteristic of a function
generated in response to a frequency-domain representation of the monitored radiation.

5. The method of claim 2, further comprising the step of:

30 (e) correlating the at least one combined combustion parameter with at least one
combustion variable.

6. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:

(e) correlating the at least one combined combustion parameter with at least one combustion variable.

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7. The method of claim 6, wherein the step (e) includes a step of correlating the at least one combined combustion parameter with an amount of unburned carbon in fly ash.

10 8. The method of claim 6, wherein the step (e) includes a step of correlating the at least one combined combustion parameter with an amount of Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x).

9. A method for analyzing operation of a combustor comprising steps of:

15 (a) using a first radiation sensor, that is sensitive to a first portion of an electromagnetic spectrum, to monitor an AC component of radiation emitted within the combustor;

(b) using a second radiation sensor, that is sensitive to a second portion of the electromagnetic spectrum which is different from the first portion, to monitor an AC component of radiation emitted within the combustor; and

20 (c) analyzing outputs of each of the first and second radiation sensors to determine at least one combined combustion parameter.

10. The method of claim 9, wherein:

25 the step (c) includes steps of:

(c1) analyzing the output of the first radiation sensor to determine at least one first combustion parameter;

(c2) analyzing the output of the second radiation sensor to determine at least one second combustion parameter; and

30 (c3) combining the first and second combustion parameters to determine the at least one combined combustion parameter.

11. The method of claim 10, wherein the step (c3) includes a step of multiplying the first and second combustion parameters to determine the at least one combined combustion parameter.

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12. The method of claim 9, further comprising a step of:

(d) correlating the at least one combustion parameter with at least one combustion variable.

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13. The method of claim 12, wherein the step (d) includes a step of correlating the at least one combustion parameter with an amount of unburned carbon in fly ash.

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14. The method of claim 13, wherein the step (d) includes a step of correlating the at least one combustion parameter with an amount of Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x).

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15. A system for analyzing operation of a combustor comprising:
at least one radiation sensor arranged to monitor radiation emitted from flue gas in a post-flame zone of the combustor and to produce a signal indicative thereof; and
at least one processor that determines at least one combustion parameter based upon an AC component of the signal.

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16. The system of claim 15, wherein the at least one processor is configured to process the signal to generate a function having a shape that changes in response to changes in the AC component of the signal, and to analyze at least one characteristic of the function to determine the at least one combustion parameter.

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17. The system of claim 16, wherein the at least one processor is further configured to convert the signal into a frequency-domain amplitude spectrum, and to determine the at least one combustion parameter based upon at least one characteristic of

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23. The system of claim 20, wherein the at least one radiation sensor is arranged to monitor radiation emitted from flue gas in a post-flame zone of the combustor.

24. The system of claim 20, wherein the at least one radiation sensor is arranged to monitor radiation emitted from a flame zone of the combustor.

~~25.~~ A system for analyzing operation of a combustor comprising:
5 at least one radiation sensor to monitor radiation emitted within the combustor and to produce a signal indicative thereof; and
at least one processor that determines an average amplitude of the signal during a particular time period; that counts at least one of a number of high peaks in the signal that, during the particular time period, achieve an amplitude, relative to the average
10 amplitude, that is greater than a first threshold, and a number of low peaks in the signal that, during the particular time period, achieve an amplitude, relative to the average amplitude, that is less than a second threshold; and that determines at least one combustion parameter based upon the counted number of high peaks and the counted number of low peaks.

15 26. The system of claim 25, wherein the at least one radiation sensor is arranged to monitor radiation emitted from flue gas in a post-flame zone of the combustor.

20 27. The system of claim 25, wherein the at least one radiation sensor is arranged to monitor radiation emitted from a flame zone of the combustor.

~~28.~~ A system for monitoring of an amount of unburned carbon in fly ash generated by a combustor comprising:
25 at least one radiation sensor to monitor radiation emitted within the combustor and to produce a signal indicative thereof; and
at least one processor that analyzes the signal to monitor the amount of unburned carbon in fly ash generated by the combustor.

30 29. The system of claim 28, wherein the at least one radiation sensor is arranged to monitor radiation emitted from flue gas in a post-flame zone of the

combustor.

30. ~~The~~ system of claim 28, wherein the at least one radiation sensor is arranged to monitor radiation emitted from a flame zone of the combustor.

31. A system for analyzing operation of a combustor comprising:
at least one first radiation sensor, that is sensitive to a first portion of an electromagnetic spectrum, to monitor an AC component of radiation emitted within the combustor;

at least one second radiation sensor, that is sensitive to a second portion of the electromagnetic spectrum which is different from the first portion, to monitor the AC component of radiation emitted within the combustor; and

at least one processor that determines at least one combined combustion parameter based upon outputs of each of the first and second radiation sensors.

32. The system of claim 31, wherein the at least one radiation sensor is arranged to monitor radiation emitted from flue gas in a post-flame zone of the combustor.

33. The system of claim 31, wherein the at least one radiation sensor is arranged to monitor radiation emitted from a flame zone of the combustor.

34. The system of claim 31, wherein the at least one processor is configured to determine at least one first combustion parameter based upon the output of the at least one first radiation sensor, to determine at least one second combustion parameter based upon the output of the at least one second radiation sensor, and to combine the first and second combustion parameters to determine the at least one combined combustion parameter.

35. An apparatus for supporting a sensor near an outer surface of a combustor such that the sensor may sense combustion activity inside the combustor, comprising:

a casing, forming a first channel through which gaseous matter may pass; and
a member, forming a second channel, adapted to have a radiation sensor mounted
thereto;

wherein, when the apparatus is mounted on the combustor and the radiation
5 sensor is mounted to the member, the second channel defines an unobstructed linear path
that extends between the radiation sensor and a position inside the combustor, the
unobstructed linear path intersecting at least a portion of the first channel.

36. The apparatus as claimed in claim 35, wherein:
10 the first channel has a first cross-sectional area; and
the second channel has a second cross-sectional area that is smaller than the first
cross-sectional area.

37. The apparatus as claimed in claim 35, further comprising at least one
15 divider interposed between first and second surfaces of the casing to divide the first
channel into a plurality of ducts, the unobstructed linear path intersecting at least a
portion of each of the plurality of ducts.

38. The apparatus as claimed in claim 35, further comprising a cover movably
20 supported adjacent an end of the casing such that the cover opens at least slightly to
permit gas to escape from the first channel when pressure inside the first channel is
significantly greater than pressure outside the first channel.

39. The apparatus as claimed in claim 35, in combination with the radiation
25 sensor.

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